

# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

SANSKRIT 0499/11

Paper 1 Language May/June 2024

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the answer booklet/paper.

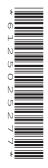
You will need: Answer booklet/paper

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- If you have been given an answer booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on all the work you hand in.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- In Sanskrit passages, underlined words are glossed.
- At the end of the examination, fasten all your work together. Do **not** use staples, paper clips or glue.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].



### Answer all questions.

1 Read the following Sanskrit passage. Do **not** write out a translation. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

A wise lion saves many creatures.

एकस्मिन् क्षेत्रे शशकः अवसत् । तत्र वृक्षः आसीत् । एकदा 1 शशकः वृक्षस्य अधः उपाविशत । मः अचिन्तयत अचिरेण लोकस्य 2 अन्तः भविष्यति इति । तस्मिन एव काले विशालम फलम 3 । तम् शब्दम् श्रुत्वा शशकः भीतः । एषः लोकस्य 4 इति क्रुष्ट्रा सः तस्मात् देशात् शीघ्रम् अधावत् । तत् श्रुत्वा अन्ये 5 शशकाः अपि खेत्रात् अधावन् । तत् दृष्ट्वा मृगाः भीताः 6 अधावन् च । तत् दृष्ट्वा बहवः जन्तवः अपि खेत्रात् समुद्रम् प्रति 7 । एकः प्राज्ञः सिंहः तु तत् सर्वम् दृष्ट्वा कृपायाः 8 इति अक्रोशत । सर्वे जन्तवः व्यरमन् । सिंहः तान् अवदत् 9 फलम् वृक्षात् अपतत् इति । तत् श्रुत्वा सर्वे जन्तवः 10 अभवन मतष्टाः 11 11 (Traditional Story)

loka (m)worldkṛpā (f)compassionkruṣṭvāhaving cried outsaṃtuṣṭa (mfn)contented

(a)	Where did the rabbit live? (line 1)	[1]
(b)	What thought did the rabbit have? (lines 2 and 3)	[2]
(c)	Translate 'viśālam phalam vṛkṣāt apatat'. (lines 3 and 4)	[5]
(d)	Having cried out what did the rabbit do? (line 5)	[3]
(e)	Translate 'tat dṛṣṭvā mṛgāḥ bhītāḥ abhavan adhāvan ca'. (lines 6 and 7)	[7]
(f)	Towards what were many creatures going? (line 7)	[1]
(g)	What did the wise lion command the creatures to do? (line 8)	[1]
(h)	Write out in <b>sandhi</b> lines 9 to 11 'siṃhaḥ abhavan'.	[10]
		[Total: 30]

**2** Read the following Sanskrit passages. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

A clever wolf avoids being eaten in a cave.

कस्मिन्	चित्	अरण्ये	स्कः	व्याप्र	ः अव	ग्मत्	। स्ट	कस्मि	न्	दिने	मः
अन्नम्	चिरम्	अन्वेच्छ	त्।	सः ग	नर्वत्र	अचर	त् ।	तेन	तु	न	कः
चित् ज	न्तुः दृ	ष्टः ।	तस्मात	त् अचि	ग्रेग	तस्य	<i>षु</i> धा				

चित् जन्तुः दृष्टः । तस्मात् अचिरेण तस्य ष्रुधा ।	
anvaicchat searched after	
(a) List the missing words (i)–(x) to complete the English translation of the passage above:	
In some or other (i) lived a certain (ii) One (iii) he (iv)	
searched after (v) He roamed (vi) But no creature was seen (vii)	
(viii)he (ix) felt (x)	0]

- (b) Translate into English the following sentences which continue the story above:
  - (i) तदा व्याघ्रः गुहाम् आगच्छत् ताम् प्राविशत् च । रात्र्याम् कः चित् जन्तुः अत्र आगमिष्यति इति मः अचिन्तयत् । [5]
  - (ii) रुवम् चिन्तयित्वा व्याघ्रः गुहायाम् उपाविश्वत् । रुकः <u>वृकः</u> ताम् गुहाम् आगमय हे गुहे माम् प्रतिवद इति अक्रोशत् । [5] guhā (f) cave vṛka (m) wolf

(c)	Translate	into	English	the	following	sentences	which	continue	the	story	
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- (i) यदा <u>गुहा</u> न प्रत्यवदत्तदा <u>वृको</u>ऽवदद्यतः <u>प्रतिवचनं</u> न श्रुतं ततो गच्छामीति ।
- (ii) व्याप्रस्तत्मर्वं श्रुत्वाक्रोशदहमत्रास्मीति । व्याप्रस्य शब्दं श्रुत्वा वृको गुहाया अधावत् ॥

guhā (f) cave prativacana (n) reply vṛka (m) wolf

(adapted from the *Pañcatantra* of Viṣṇuśarman)

[Total: 30]

3 Translate the following sentences into Sanskrit using *devanāgarī* script. Sandhi should **not** be used.

One mark will be given for the correct word order in each sentence.

(a) Beautiful flowers fell from the sky.

[5]

(b) The pure teacher will go to heaven.

[5]

(c) Having heard the bird, the prince laughed.

[5]

[Total: 15]

4 Read the following Sanskrit passage. Do **not** write out a translation. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

A wise rabbit confronts the king of the elephants.

vṛṣṭi (f)

darśayati

rain

shows

यदा वृष्टिर्नामीत्तदा के चन गजा गजनृपमवदन्देवात्र मरिम जलं	1
नास्ति । किं करिष्याम इति । तच्छुत्वा गजनृपः सर्वत्रागच्छदन्ते	2
जलपूर्णमरोऽलभत च । म तत्मरः मर्वान्गजान <u>दर्शयत्</u> । तत्र ते	3
गजा बहु जलमपिबन् । सरसस्तीरे तु शशका अवसन् । ते	4
शशका गजपादैश्चूर्णिताः । तद्दृष्ट्वा प्राज्ञः शशकोऽचलम्याग्रं गत्वा	5
गजनृपमवददहं चन्द्रदूतः । त्वया <u>धर्मः</u> कृत इति ॥	6

cūrņita (mfn)

adharma (m)

crushed

injustice

(adapted from the *Hitopadeśa* of Nārāyaṇa)

(a)	Wh	en did the elephants speak to their king? (line 1)	[1]
(b)	Tra	nslate 'atra sarasi jalaṃ nāsti'. (lines 1 and 2)	[6]
(c)	Wh	ere did the king of the elephants go? (line 2)	[1]
(d)	Wh	ere did the rabbits live? (line 4)	[1]
(e)	Ву	what were the rabbits crushed? (line 5)	[1]
(f)	Wh	ere did the wise rabbit meet the king of the elephants? (line 5)	[2]
(g)	(i)	Translate 'candradūtaḥ'. (line 6)	[2]
	(ii)	What type of compound is this?	[1]

[Total: 15]

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